

South Africa's skills gap is a threat to innovation and growth

By <u>Ursula Fear</u> 26 Mar 2024

The list of critical skills South Africa desperately needs is alarmingly long. From engineers to veterinarians, physicists to data scientists, the demand for STEM-trained professionals far outstrips our domestic supply. This skills gap, highlighted in the <u>Department of Home Affairs' recent gazette</u> show a fundamental challenge for South Africa's economic growth and its position as an innovation hub.



Ursula Fear, Salesforce senior talent programme manager.

The demand for ICT professionals, according to the <u>Career Junction Employment Insights Report</u>, paints a particularly concerning picture. This demand sits alongside a broader hunger for management, finance, and engineering expertise – it's a multifaceted crisis that cannot be easily resolved.

President Ramaphosa's acknowledgment of this labour supply mismatch in the recent SONA address is a step forward, but his <u>suggestion of importing highly-skilled professionals</u> offers only a temporary band-aid. The root causes of our skills gap require a bolder, more introspective approach.



The top IT skills for 2024

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Youth unemployment is currently at 51.52% in South Africa, according to the <u>Quarterly Labour Force Survey 2023</u>. The youth remain vulnerable in the labour market however, the third quarter of 2023 results show that the total number of unemployed youth (aged 15–34 years) decreased by 174 000 to 4,6 million, while there was an increase of 237 000 in the number of employed youth to 6 million.

A new training approach

The resolution to address youth unemployment and the skills crisis lies in how we train youth before they enter the workplace. Professional ICT certifications are not enough to meet the rate of change needed in the workplace.

As a result, companies that hire young people with real life practical skills enables young people to be applicable and relevant with the appropriate digital skills.

The <u>2022 JCSE-IITPSA ICT Skills Survey</u>, the latest available, noted that, in 2019, there were many stakeholder groups implementing solid skills development initiatives to improve the capability and employability of young people.

However, the report said, only hundreds of candidates benefited instead of the thousands that need to go through these programmes.

In the ICT sector, our biggest focus must be on the talent that South Africa urgently requires. Collectiv X published a list of demand-led digital skills which includes AI engineers, data scientists, automation engineers, cloud engineers, and big data developers to name a few.

This information is confirmed by the 2022 JCSE-IITPSA ICT Skills Survey, which lists similar jobs for the sector but also includes a need for cyber security, artificial intelligence (AI) specialists, forensic investigators, and app developers.

Future demands

While we need AI specialists to help solve local technology challenges, we need to ensure that these specialists are empowered to implement rapidly, monitor, and ensure best security practices when it comes to AI. The world is moving towards one in which AI will be pervasively integrated into business systems and processes.

With that comes an increased risk of cyber-attacks, and the future will require knowledgeable IT professionals who can implement solutions, especially if South Africa is to be globally competitive.

Yet, Salesforce <u>research</u> has indicated that more than 60% of full-time desk workers do not have the skills to use generative Al technology – even though most of them are convinced this knowledge will advance their careers.

As a result, training the next generation, as well as reskilling the current generation when it comes to AI, is a key component of the tech revolution.

We need to act urgently to mitigate the fact that we don't want to have too many certified yet unemployable young people entering the workforce. Importing talent is not a long-term solution and we cannot extend the contracts of those who enter the country to fix the problem now.

We need to upskill locally and ensure that we have the talent to take the vital technology sector, which contributes about 8% to the economy, to the next level

South Africa requires a mindset change, and the government cannot address the skills crisis alone. It requires collaboration

and partnership from the business sector to form long-term solutions that tangibly address the existing digital skills gap by providing youth with hands-on experience.

Education and tertiary certifications form a critical component of empowering our current and future ICT workforce, but what is truly needed is the provision of hands-on experience and mentorship to sustainably develop leaders and entrepreneurs of the future and grow the South African economy.

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